

Centre for Business Taxation

Who will pay Amount A?

Martin Simmler (Oxford University CBT)

12 October 2021 Tax Foundation and ETPF Webinar



Presentation is based on

• Michael Devereux and Martin Simmler: Who Will Pay Amount A? EconPol Policy Brief 36, July 2021.

Aim of the report

- Provide some insights on # of companies affected by Pillar 1 and amount of profits included in Amount A
- Illustrate the impact of certain design choices (e.g., financial sector in/out, revenue threshold, profitability definition)



Amount A

- *Multinational* firms with revenues above €20 billion and pre-tax profits above 10% of revenues
- **Pre-tax profits are based on consolidated financial statements** with minor adjustments. Losses are carried forward.
- Segmentation only in exceptional circumstances
- *Regulated* **financial services and extractives are excluded**.
- Amount A: 25% (20%) of pre-tax profits above 10% of revenue, latter might be capped if profits are already taxed in market country (safe harbour)

Italics: Not taken into account in our study



Datasets

1) Fortune Global 500 – Main Results

- 500 largest company groups around the globe based on revenues
- Smallest company has revenues of \$26.3 billion

2) DataStream International – Revenue threshold

- Sample includes public companies with revenues above €750 million

3) ORBIS Europe – Profitability criteria

 Sample includes public and private companies in Europe (EU-28 + Russia and Switzerland) with revenues above €750 million



Main Result – Fortune Global 500

	# of companies	Profits in \$ billion
Total	500	2,602
w/o Financial sector	121	982
w/o Extractive industry	10	119
w/o Profits < 10% revenue	291	613
Total	78	887
Amount A: 20% of profits>10% revenue		87
In % of total	16	3
In % of non-financial/non-extractive total	21	6

- Since the revenue threshold is €20 billion: Around 100 company groups are affected and \$100 [125] billion profits are included in Amount A (20% [25%] of residual profits)
- Results using DataStream: 103 companies and \$102 billion profits included in Amount A



Relative Contribution by HQ Country: Top 7

Relative to total	Revenues of non- financial and non- extractive firms	Amount A
USA	32.4	63.9
China	23.8	9.5
Switzerland	1.4	6.1
UK	3.2	3.8
Russia	1.3	3.8
Ireland	0.5	2.0
Germany	6.4	1.6

80% (87%) of Amount A comes from companies headquartered in 3
(5) countries.



Relative Contribution by Industry: Top 7

Relative to total	Revenues of non- financial and non- extractive firms	Amount A	Top 3-4 HQ Countries
Technology	10	45	US (85%), China and Taiwan (5%)
Health Care	9	16	US (62%), Switzerland (29%), UK and Ireland (4%)
Energy	23	10	
Food, Beverages & Tobacco	3	8	USA (29%), Switzerland (18%), UK (16%)
Retail	7	6	
Telecommunications	5	5	
Industrials	3	4	

- 71% (85%) of Amount A comes from 3 (5) sectors
- Why? Definition of residual profits!



Definition of Profitability – Orbis Europe

Revenue threshold of €20 billion	# of companies	Amount A in \$ billion
Pre-tax profits/revenue > 10%	33	20
Pre-tax profits/equity > 12.5%	46	20

Share of European companies with revenues above €750 million and			
Pre-tax profits/equity	>10%		
Pre-tax profits/revenue	<10%	>10%	
All sectors	51	29	
Manufacturing of computers	27	51	
Manufacturing of food products	59	20	



Changing the Revenue Threshold - DataStream

Revenue threshold	# of companies	Amount A in \$ billion
€20 billion	103	102
€10 billion	221	137
€5 billion	452	172
€2.5 billion	793	201
€750 million	1720	239

- Revenue threshold reduction has strong impact on number of companies affected but less so on profits included in Amount A
- *Comparison*: Including financial sector doubles Amount A and increases number of companies affected by 60%



Conclusion

- Around 100 company groups will be affected by Pillar 1 and Amount A will include \$125 billion profits (25% of residual profits)
- Pillar 1 affects disproportionally company groups in technology, health care and food, beverage & tobacco due to defining residual profits relative to revenues.
- These company groups are pre-dominantly headquartered in the US, Switzerland, Ireland and UK.
- Reduction of revenue threshold to €10 billion has modest impact on Amount A profits and more than doubles the number of company groups affected.



Many thanks for your attention

<u>martin.simmler@sbs.ox.ac.uk</u> <u>michael.devereux@sbs.ox.ac.uk</u>

https://oxfordtax.sbs.ox.ac.uk/#/